

Functional Annotation of ANimal Genomes (FAANG)-- Global FAANG Consortium

Organic growth of FAANG during 2014-2019

Current FAANG contributors= 432



2014 membership- GB authors



March 2019 membership



IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY

OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

Outline – Introduction to FAANG Consortium

1. Why FAANG?
2. ENCODE results as a FAANG goal
3. Brief history and goals
4. FAANG Committees and activities
5. Summary of current FAANG projects
6. FAANG data available → getting involved

Why is FAANG important?

- Understanding the genotype to phenotype link:
 - Providing information to accelerate genetic improvement
 - Improving fundamental understanding of biology
- We need to *annotate the function* of the genome of our animals

What is functional annotation?

- We have the DNA sequence for the genome of our major domesticated animals...

This is not English!

What is important information and what isn't??

Annotation can help....

- Find what part codes for proteins
- Understand effects of genetic variation on these proteins

Y K
1 AGATGGCGGCAGGTTCCCGGAAGTGGTGGCGCGTCAGCTGCAGCTTGATAACCGCGGA 60

.....
.....

Y S MY
61 GGGCTGGCGCCCAGTCGGCTGTGTTGCCAACGCTATGAGTTCCCGAGGGCCAGATGG 120
..... ATGAGTTCCCGAGGGCCAGATGG 25
..... -M--S--F--E--G--Q--M-- 8

121 CGGAGTACCCA ACTATCTCCATAGACCGTTCGACCGGGAGAATCTGAGGGCTCGCGCTT 180
26 CGGAGTACCCA ACTATCTCCATAGACCGTTCGACCGGGAGAATCTGAGGGCTCGCGCTT 85
9 A--E--Y--P--T--I--S--I--D--R--F--D--R--E--N--L--R--A--R--A-- 28

181 ATTT CCTGTCCC ACTGCCACAAGGATCACATGAAAGGATTAAGAGCCTCACCTGAAAA 240
86 ATTT CCTGTCCC ACTGCCACAAGGATCACATGAAAGGATTAAGAGCCTCACCTGAAAA 145
29 Y--F--L--S--H--C--H--K--D--H--M--K--G--L--R--A--S--T--L--K-- 48

241 GAAGGTTGGAGTGCAGCTTGAAGGTCTCCTTACTGTTCACCTGTACTAGAGAATTGT 300
146 GAAGGTTGGAGTGCAGCTTGAAGGTCTCCTTACTGTTCACCTGTACTAGAGAATTGT 205
49 R--R--L--E--C--S--L--K--V--S--L--Y--C--S--P--V--T--R--E--L-- 68

R M S
301 TATTAACCAACCGAGGTACAGATTTGGGAGAACGATTGTGTCAATTGAAGTTGAAA 360
296 TATTAACCAACCGAGGTACAGATTTGGGAGAACGATTGTGTCAATTGAAGTTGAAA 265
69 L--L--T--N--P--R--Y--R--F--W--E--K--R--I--V--S--I--E--V--E-- 88

361 CTCCTACCCAGATATCTTAATTGATGAAGCATCAGGGAGAAGGAAGAAATTGTTGTGA 420
266 CTCCTACCCAGATATCTTAATTGATGAAGCATCAGGGAGAAGGAAGAAATTGTTGTGA 325
89 T--P--T--Q--I--S--L--I--D--E--A--S--G--E--K--E--E--I--V--V-- 108

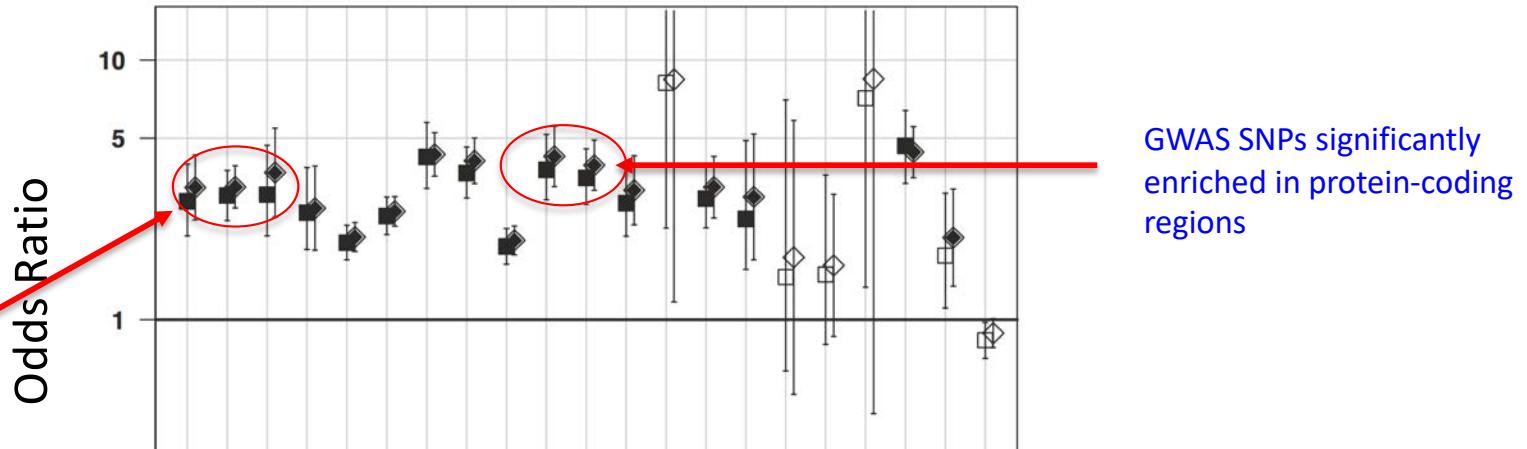
K MM
421 CTCTCTTACCACTGGTCATTGCCAGGATCAGTTATGTTCTATTCAAGGGCAACAATG 480
326 CTCTCTTACCACTGGTCATTGCCAGGATCAGTTATGTTCTATTCAAGGGCAACAATG 385
109 T--L--L--P--A--G--H--C--P--G--S--V--M--F--L--F--Q--G--N--N-- 128

Y Y K S
481 GAACTGTC TTGTATACAGGAGACTTCCGATTGCCAAAGGAGAACGCTGCCAGAATGGAGC 540
386 GAACTGTC TTGTATACAGGAGACTTCCGATTGCCAAAGGAGAACGCTGCCAGAATGGAGC 445
129 G--T--V--L--Y--T--G--D--F--R--L--A--K--G--E--A--A--R--M--E-- 148

Why is functional annotation important?

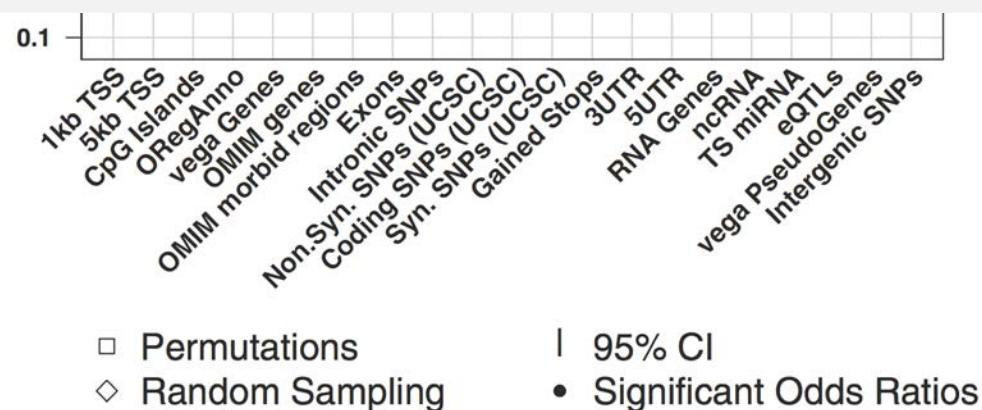
Is trait-associated genetic variation located (enriched) in genes?

Yes!



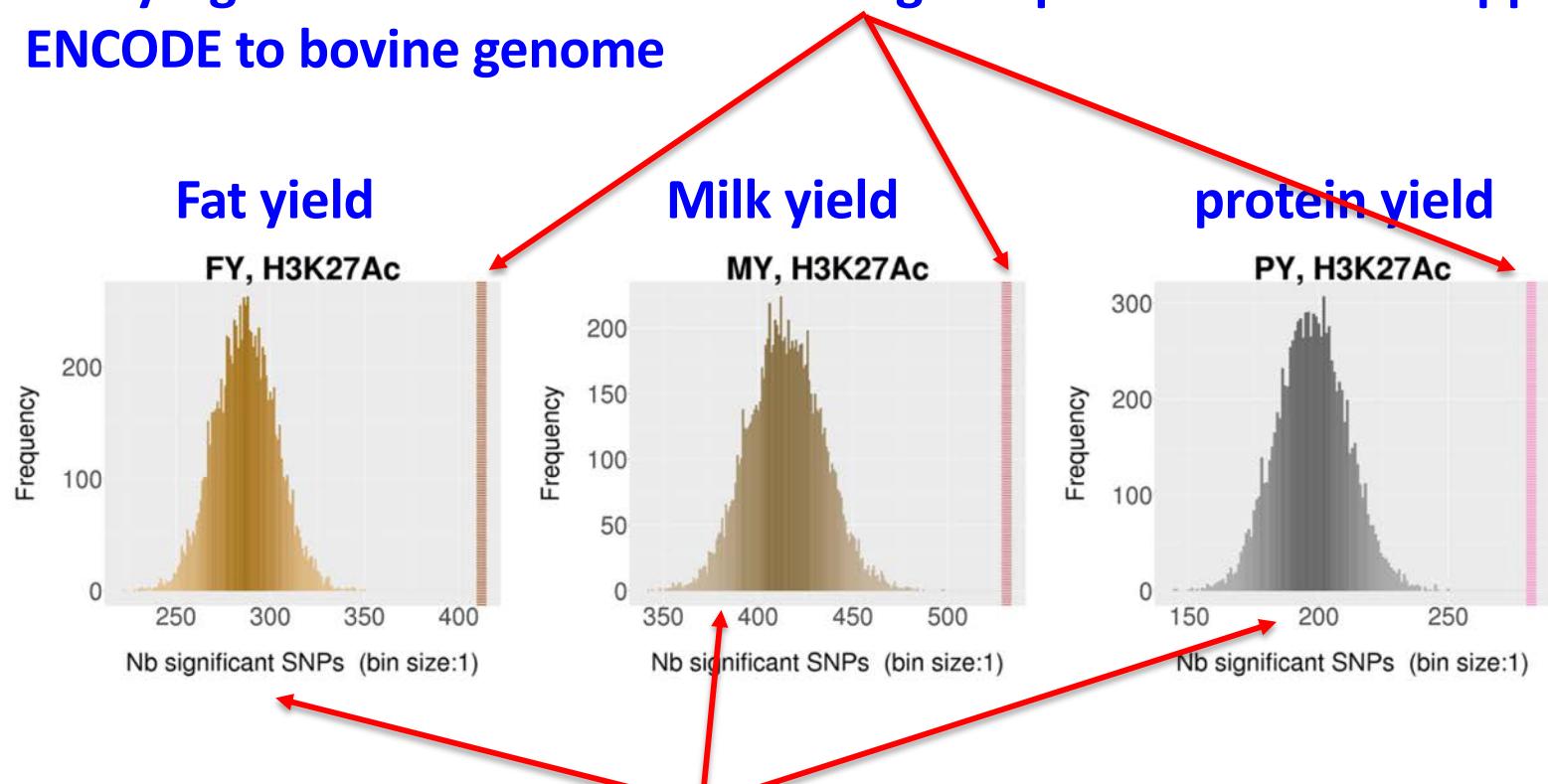
GWAS SNPs significantly enriched in protein-coding regions

But also enriched in regions flanking/outside known coding regions!



Shown in livestock as well: Milk trait-associated SNPs enriched in predicted regulatory regions

Many sig SNPs in bovine enhancer regions predicted from mapping ENCODE to bovine genome



Much fewer sig SNPs in random sampling

Why is functional annotation important?

- SNPs associated with disease/traits are often outside genes
i.e., Maurano et al. 2012 (human), Wang et al. 2017 (bovine)
- **This says the function of genomes are not just in proteins...**
- So we must understand function of “non-genic” regions of genome!
- But the genome is mostly “empty”- only 1.5% is protein-coding- which is the easiest parts to find and annotate...

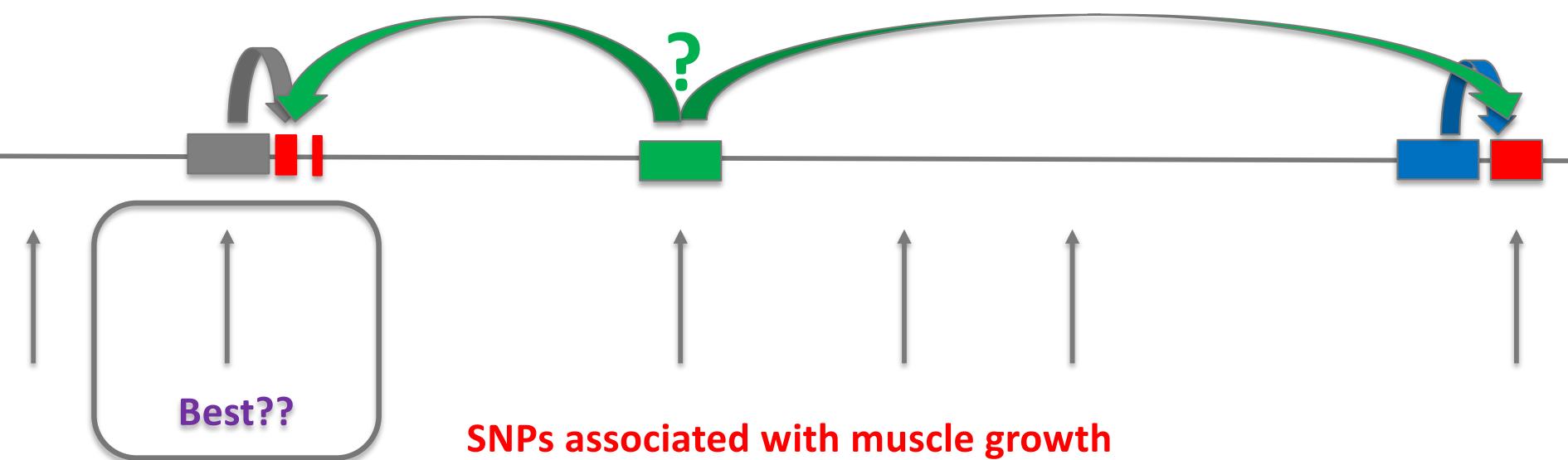
How do we figure out what parts are important then?

Protein-coding genes

Regulatory region- “ON” in skeletal muscle

Regulatory region- “ON” in mammary gland

Regulation- ???



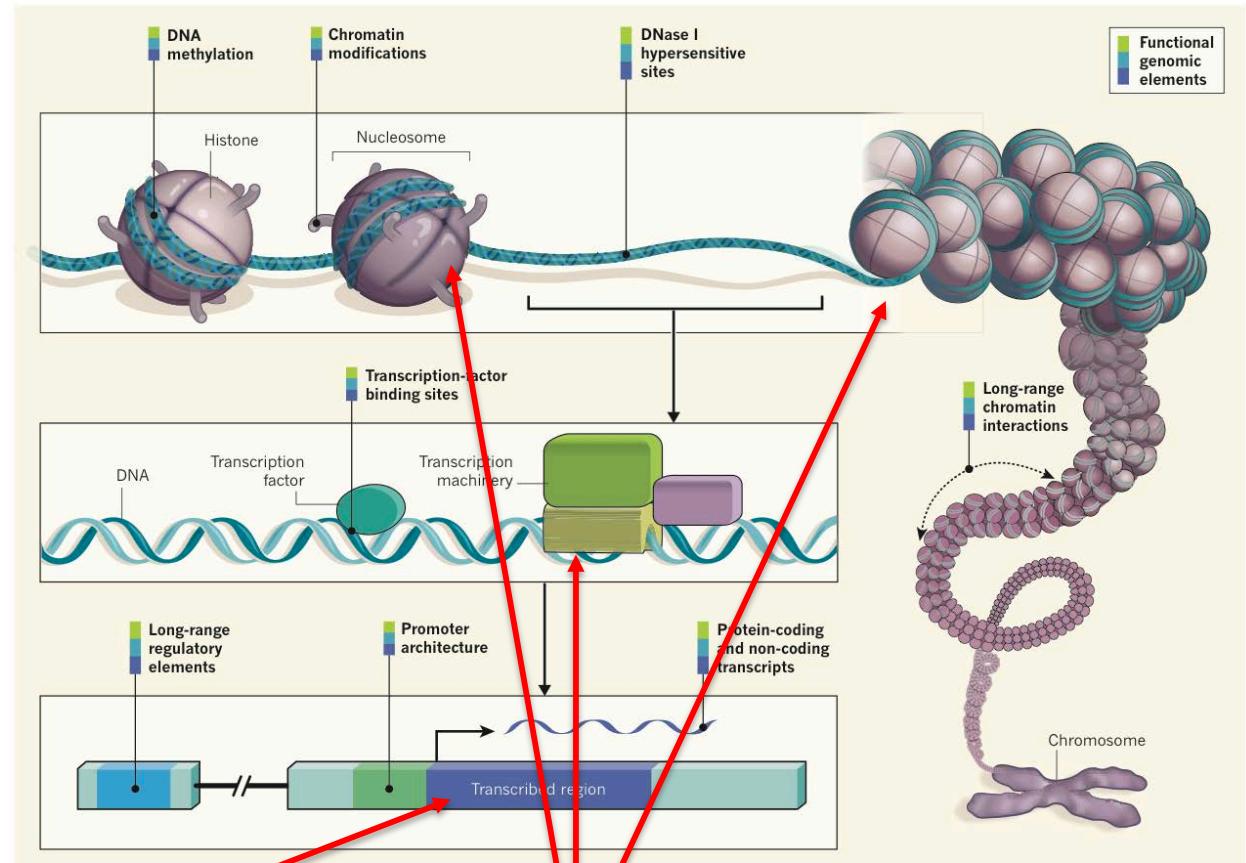
Why is functional annotation important?

- If we want to be able to better predict trait value from understanding the importance of associated SNPs, we need to find all the functional parts of animal genomes
- *“Predicting phenotype from genotype”...*
- How to get there?

Genome functional annotation described by ENCODE

To understand function:

- a) what part is expressed?
- b) what part controls this expression
(specific tissue, response to infection, etc.):



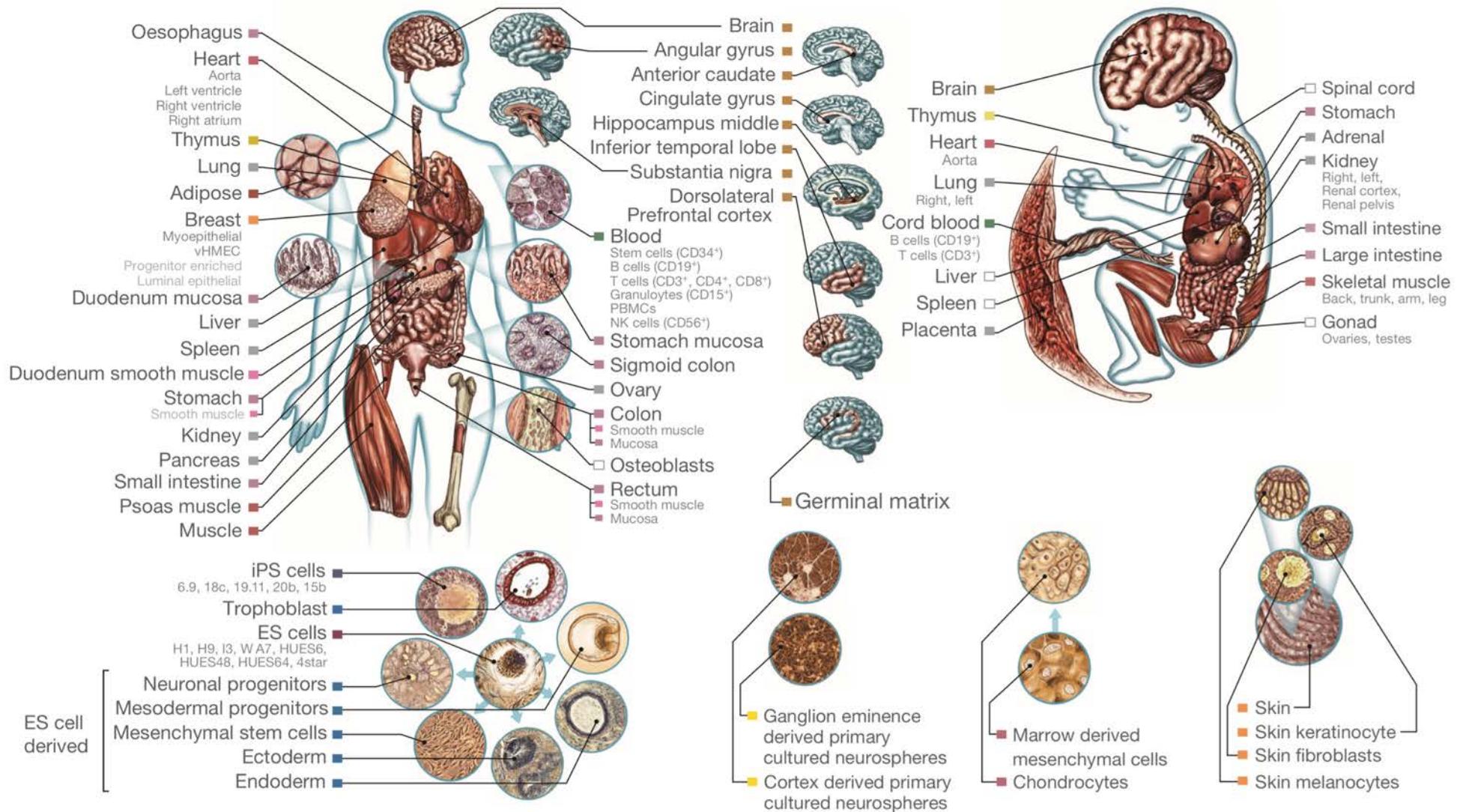
RNA levels and location

Biochemical assays of Chromatin structure

Roadmap Epigenome:

Extending ENCODE to tissues → many biological states

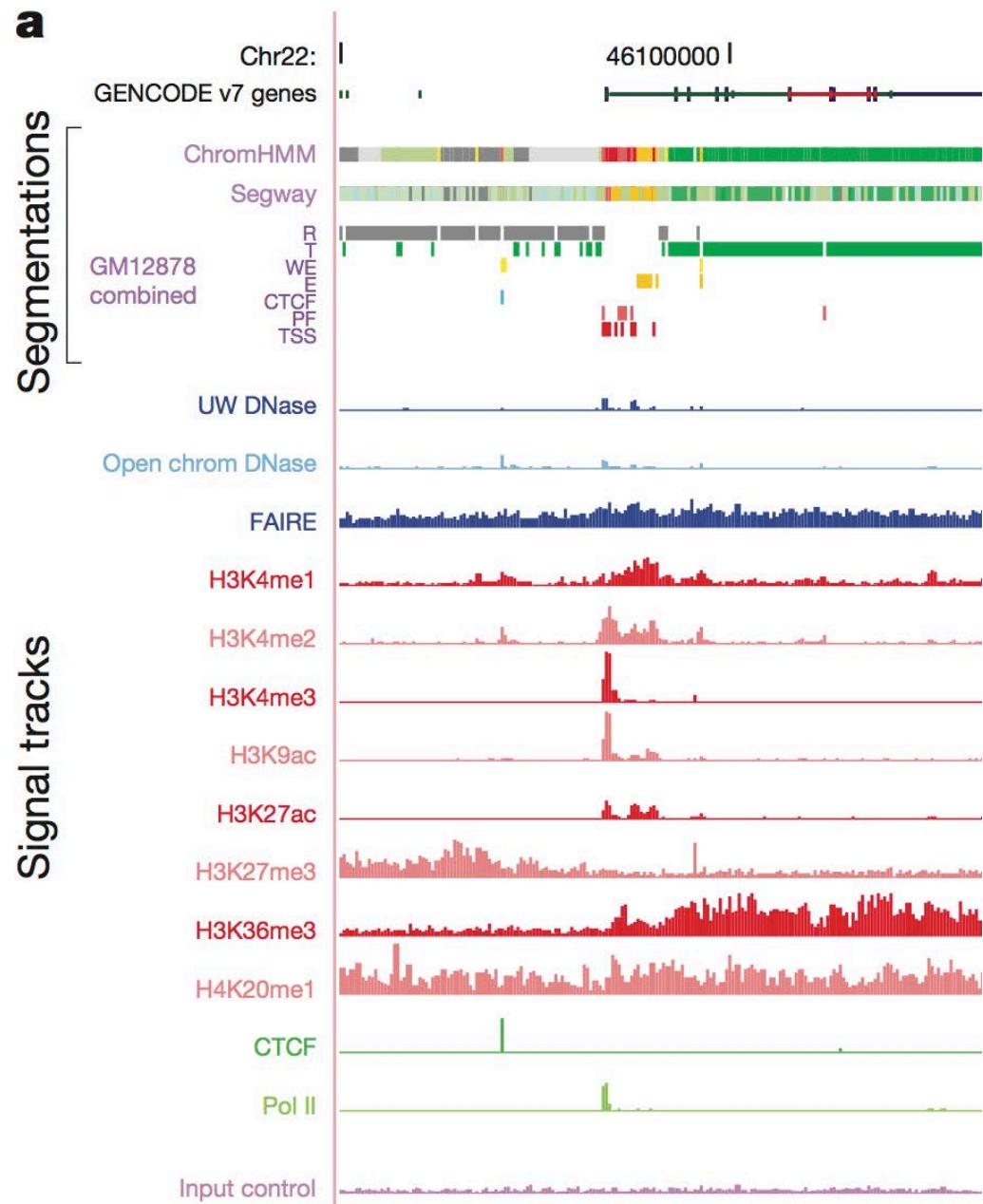
More biological states increases power to identify specific functional regions



Functional Annotation results

Collecting all these data
on the same samples
allowed ***predictive models***
for genome function to be
developed

- Predicts Chromatin State: OPEN or CLOSED
 - Created a functional map of genome segments



Success in ENCODE and Roadmap required:

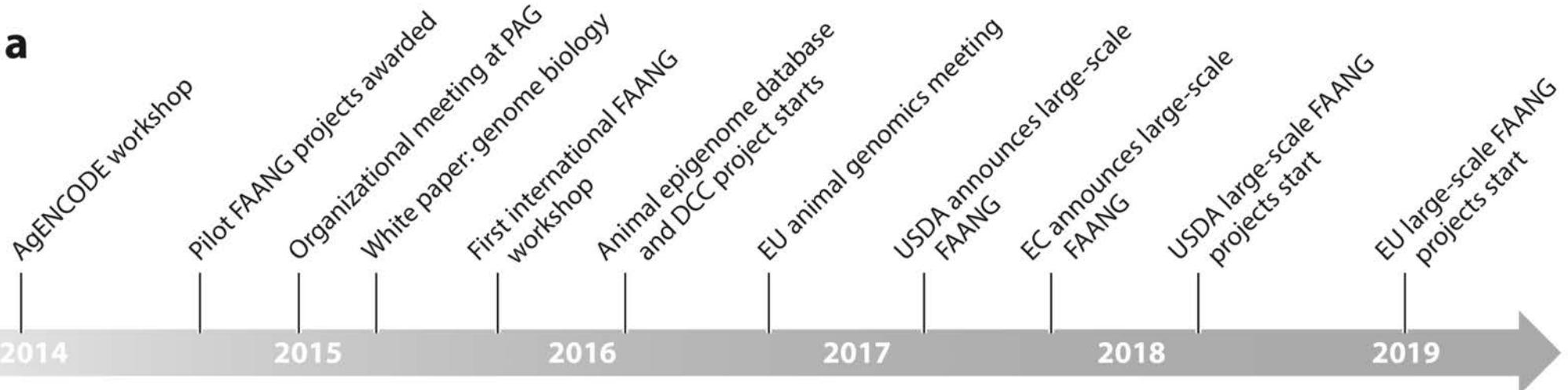
- High quality reference genome sequence
- Common infrastructure providing
 - Biological resources
 - Bioinformatics tools
 - Databases
- Effective coordination and communication

FAANG needs all these to succeed!

Brief FAANG history

- Workshop in January 2014
- Organizational meeting in Jan 2015 in San Diego
- White paper published in 2015-- “Highly accessed”
 - > 9,400 accesses as of March 2019, 82 citations
- 2015 Workshop to kick off FAANG

a



Gathering On FAANG Workshop October 7-8, 2015

National Academy of Sciences Building

Washington, DC

- 100 attendees
- Plenary talks and Breakout sessions
- **6 funding agencies presented talks**
- Meeting Report Published OA
- Set in motion organizing **calls for funding** for FAANG projects in US and Europe
- **RFP in 2017 at USDA,**
2018 in EU



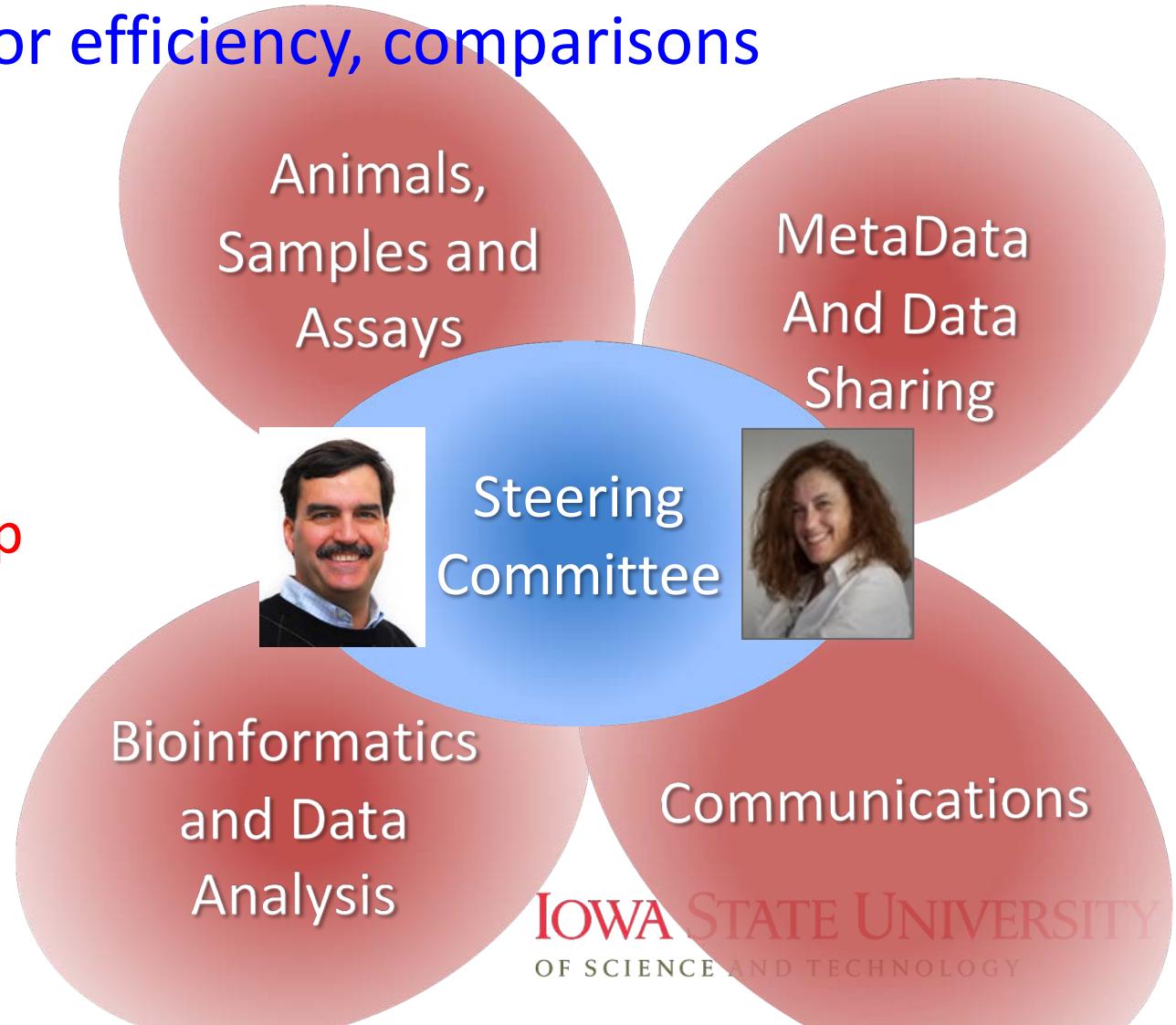
FAANG is global- >400 members across six continents

- FAANG will globally coordinate functional annotation across species for efficiency, comparisons

FAANG Committees have conference calls on-line periodically

FAANG members can self-select membership in these committees

Anyone can join FAANG!



Main current activities

- Establish set of Core assays, begin to develop ENCODE-type functional data
- Develop tissue description, storage and sharing protocols
- Develop computational tools to analyze data
- Develop bioinformatics infrastructure
- Develop communication mechanisms

Reviewed in *Annual Reviews in Animal Biosciences February 2019*
Giuffra, Tuggle, et al.

Functional Annotation of Animal Genomes (FAANG): Current Achievements and Roadmap

Annual Review of Animal Biosciences

Vol. 7:65-88 (Volume publication date February 2019)
First published as a Review in Advance on November 14, 2018
<https://doi.org/10.1146/annurev-animal-020518-114913>

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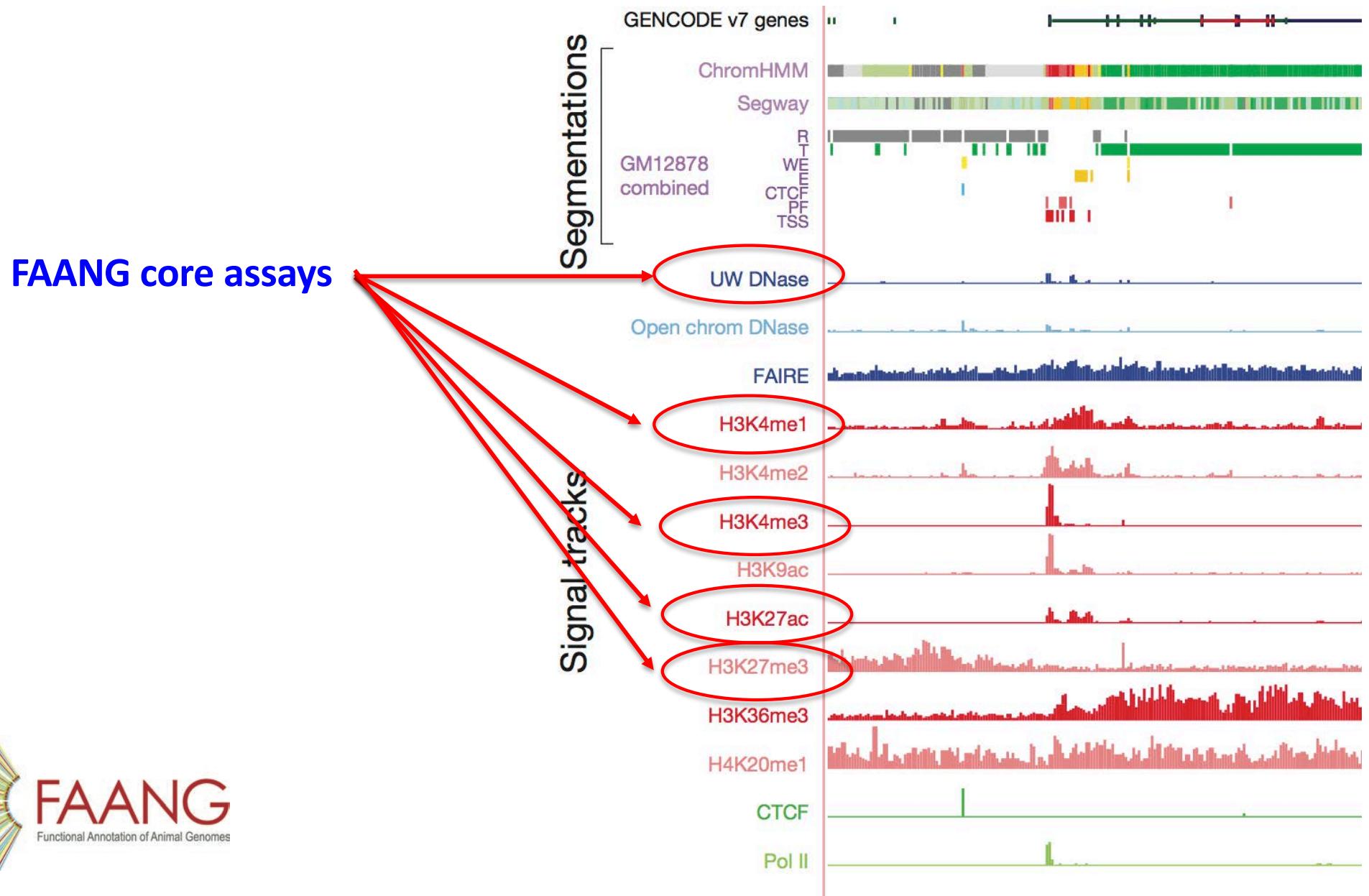
Main current activities

- **Phase I**
 - Emphasis on establishing reference datasets for healthy adults
 - Few biological replicates, no treatments
 - Validate metadata toolboxes and analytical pipelines
- **Phase II**
 - Expand biological states- treatments, developmental stage, genetic variation

Core assays needed for chromatin state modeling

- **RNAseq (stranded, deep) analysis of many tissues from the same 2-4 individuals**
- **Chromatin accessibility/architecture assays on these tissues (DNase I or ATAC-seq)**
- **Histone modification marks**
 - H3K4 monomethylation
 - H3K4 trimethylation
 - H3K27acetylation
 - H3K27 trimethylation

Minimum information for finding functional regions in livestock genomes



Core assays needed for modeling

- RNAseq (stranded, deep) analysis of as many tissues from the same 2-4 individuals
- Chromatin accessibility/architecture assays on these tissues (DNase I or ATAC-seq)
- Histone modification marks
 - H3K4 monomethylation
 - H3K4 trimethylation
 - H3K27acetylation
 - H3K27 trimethylation

Additional assays to determine genome function

- **DNA methylation**
- **Regulatory factor protein binding (CTCF)**
- **Chromatin interaction (Hi-C)**

FAANG projects- an early list

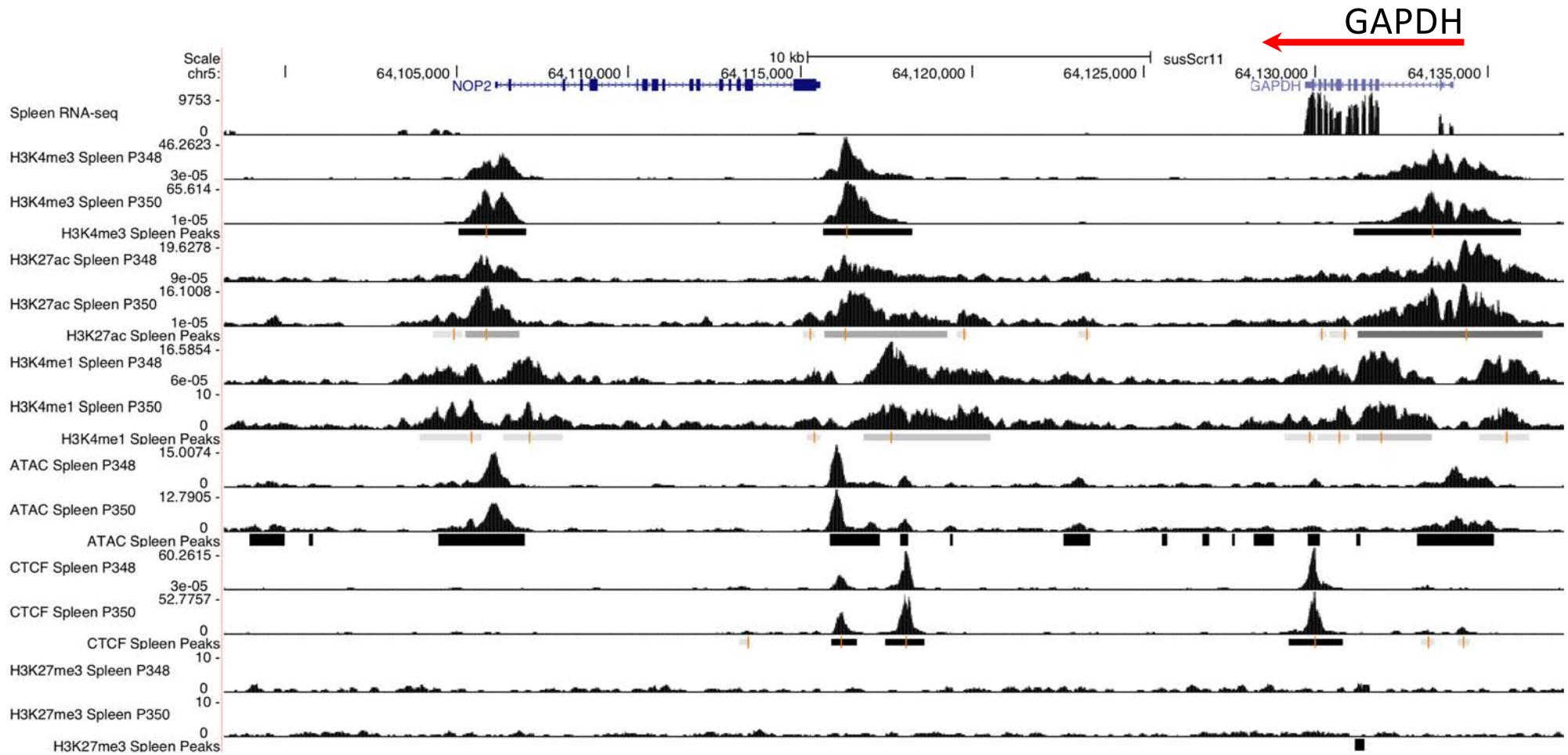
Species	Leading Inst. & country	FAANG-pilot	FAANG-rel.
pig, cattle, goat, chicken	INRA	France	Sylvain Foissac talk today
pig, cattle, chicken	UC-Davis	US	X x
horse	UC-Davis & Nebraska Univ.	US	Jessica Peterson talk today
cattle	Leibniz Inst. for Farm Anim. Biology	Germany	X x
Sheep	Int. Sheep Genome Consortium & others	Australia & US	Brenda Murdoch talk today
pig, chicken	Wageningen Univ.	The Netherlands	X X
cattle	Dairy Futures Coop. Res. Centre, AgriBio & others	Australia	X X
cattle, pig	Alberta & Guelph Univ. & others	Canada	x X
cattle and zebu	Adelaide Univ.	Australia	x X
sheep, buffalo	Roslin- Edinburgh Univ.	UK	x X
cattle	Washington State Univ.	US	x X
'Arctic Ark'	Natural Resources Institute	Finland	X

Progress on UCD FAANG Pilot project



RNA-seq	Data Analysis	Data Analysis	Data Analysis
DNase/ATAC-seq	Data Analysis	Data Analysis	Data Analysis
H3K4me3	Data Analysis	Data Analysis	Chromatin Sheared
H3K27me3	Data Analysis	Data Analysis	Chromatin Sheared
H3K4me1	Data Analysis	Chromatin Sheared	Data Analysis
H3K27ac	Data Analysis	Chromatin Sheared	Data Analysis
CTCF	Data Analysis	Chromatin Sheared	Data Analysis
RRBS-seq	Data Analysis	Data Analysis	Data Analysis
WTS-seq	Data Analysis	Tissues Collected	Tissues Collected

Example data for UCD pilot FAANG



Kern, Zhou, et al., unpublished data

Future of livestock functional genomics

- New \$2.5 million Porcine FAANG project funded by NIFA-AFRI
 - *Headquartered at ISU*
- One of three funded (bovine, chicken) in 2018
- ***Overall goal: catalog functional elements in the porcine genome for many biological states, create Chromatin state map***
- Aim 1 Adult tissues
 - extend FAANG pilot of 8 -> 25 tissues
- Aim 2 Fetal tissues
 - Correlate allele-specific expression and chromatin modification
 - Parent-of-origin effects (reciprocal crosses Meishan x WhiteCross)
- Aim 3 Immune System
 - Circulating Blood Cells- flow-sorted into functional types
 - *Single cell analysis of blood PMBC and immune tissues*

Getting Involved: Resources

- FAANG website www.faang.org
 - FAANG Publications
 - FAANG meetings (talk ppts available)

The image shows a screenshot of the FAANG website (<https://www.animalgenome.org/community/FAANG/>). The top navigation bar includes links for Home, About FAANG, Projects & Fundings, Publications, Upcoming Events, more, Wiki, and Login. The Publications and Upcoming Events links are circled in red. A large red arrow points from the 'Meetings' link on the left sidebar to the 'Upcoming Events' section on the right.

FAANG
Functional Annotation of Animal Genomes

Archives from previous meetings

- FAANG at PAG-XXVII (PAG 2019)
Dates: Jan. 11, 2019
Location: Town & Country, San Diego, CA
Archives: Power point slides, PDF, etc.
Status: Held as planned
- 7th International Symposium on Animal Functional Genomics & Functional Annotation of Animal Genomes Workshop 2018
Dates: Nov. 12-15, 2018
Location: Adelaide, Australia
Archives: Proceedings (PDF)
Status: Held as planned
- FAANG at PAG-XXVI (PAG 2018)
Dates: Jan. 12, 2018
Location: Town & Country, San Diego, CA
Archives: Power point slides, PDF, etc.
Status: Held as planned

Getting Involved: Resources

- FAANG data portal: <http://data.faang.org>



The screenshot shows the FAANG website homepage. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for Home, About FAANG, Projects & Fundings, Publications, Upcoming Events, more, Wiki, and Login. Below the navigation bar is a world map showing data points. The main header features the FAANG logo, which is a circular arrangement of colored lines, followed by the text "FAANG" and "Functional Annotation of Animal Genomes". A sub-header below the logo reads "A coordinated international action to accelerate genome to phenotype". To the right of the logo is a section titled "Working groups" with a list including the Steering Committee, Animals, Samples, and Assays (ASA), Bioinformatics and Data Analysis (B&DA), Communication (COM), and Metadata and Data Sharing (M&DS). At the bottom of the page, there are links for the September newsletter of FAANG Europe COST Action, Introduction to FAANG Methods (available since Dec 4, 2017), and a red box highlighting the "FAANG data portal".

Access to FAANG data limited to members → agree to share data and not publish first on others data

FAANG

Functional Annotation of Animal Genomes

A coordinated international action to accelerate genome to phenotype

FAANG Aims:

- Standardize core assays and experimental protocols
- Coordinate and facilitate data sharing
- Establish an infrastructure for analysis of these data
- Provide high quality functional annotation of animal genomes

Working groups

- Steering Committee
- Animals, Samples, and Assays (ASA)
- Bioinformatics and Data Analysis (B&DA)
- Communication (COM)
- Metadata and Data Sharing (M&DS)

Sign up here to take part in its activities Join respective working committees to get involved

September newsletter of FAANG Europe COST Action

Introduction to FAANG Methods

(Available since Dec 4, 2017)

FAANG data portal:



FAANG data publicly available (circa October 2018)

<http://data.faang.org>

Interested in submitting your molecular data to FAANG?

We want your data!

Plans to set standards for data to be included in meta-analyses.

RNAseq (ENCODE):

- stranded
- >30M aligned reads

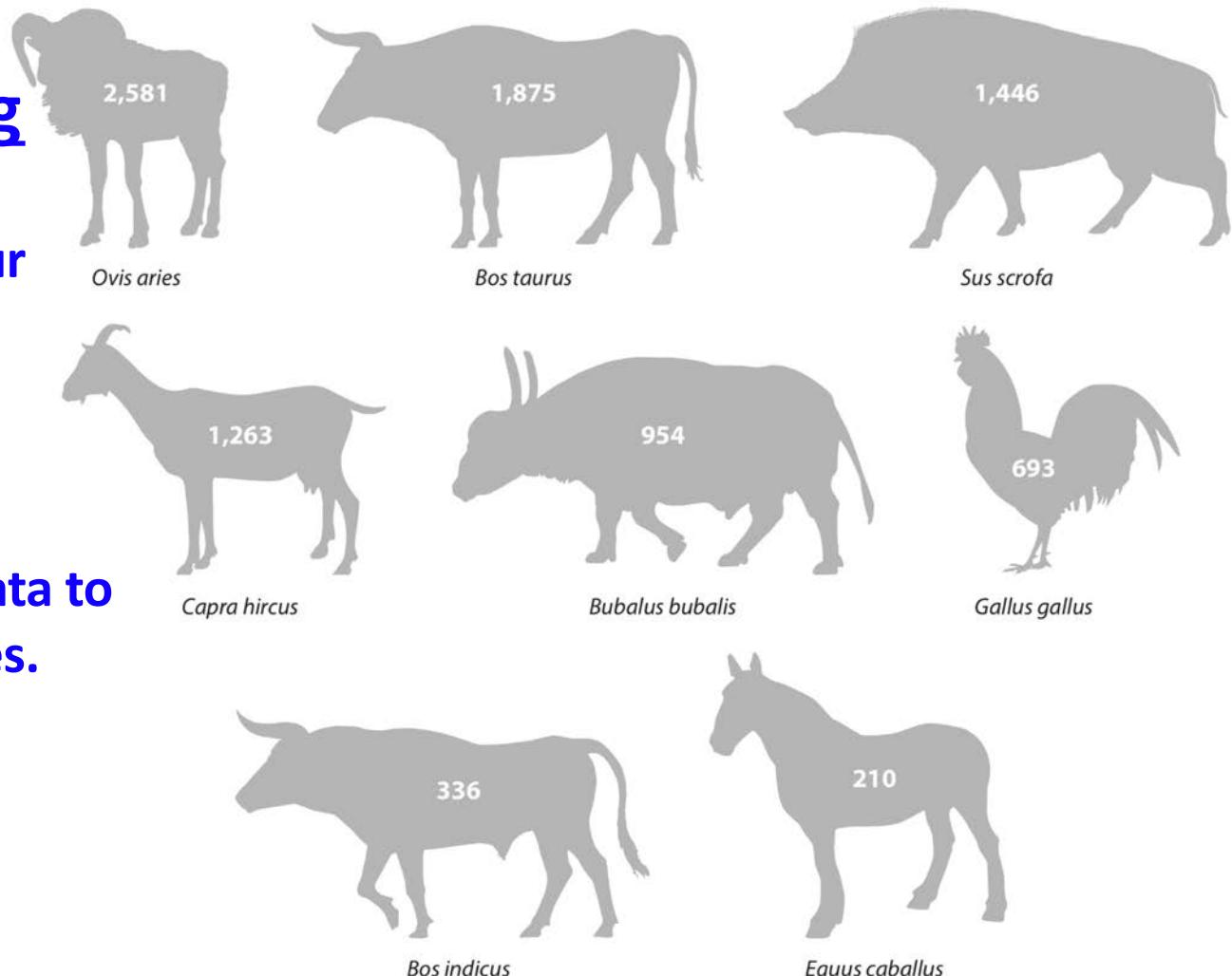


Figure 4

Registered specimens in the Functional Annotation of Animal Genomes (FAANG) data portal by species (as of October 2018) data are available from <http://data.faang.org/home>.

Conclusions and Outlook

- > \$40 Million for FAANG world-wide and more to come
 - ~\$7.5M from USDA-NIFA-AFRI (**\$6 M started in 2018**)
 - ~\$20M from EC H2020 (to start in 2019)
 - ~\$5M from Australia
 - ~\$7M from Canada
- Next five-ten years will see an explosion in functional data in the cattle, pig, chicken, sheep and horse genomes
- ***Realizing a Predictive Biology- increase usefulness to society and industry***

Institutions supporting FAANG



Join FAANG (it's free!)
Visit: www.faang.org

Email us:
faang@iastate.org



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